United States of America

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Central District of California

Valle Zefnal (an) Case 1 Defendant	No. 18 MJ 2173
ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL	
Part L. Eligibility for Detention Intal appears	
Upon the	tention Initial appearant
☐ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S. ☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant.	
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition	d. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Pres	sumptions under § 3142(e)
□ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e) presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will r and the community because the following conditions have been m □ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crim □ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 159 § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of impris □ (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life □ (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprison Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U □ (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of tween (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraphs (b) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or defend (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to respect to the defendant has previously been convicted of a Feder § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and □ (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which committed while the defendant was on release pending tria □ (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in	reasonably assure the safety of any other person net: mes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): 11, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. isonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or imprisonment or death; or ment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the ne Controlled Substances Import and Export Act U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or vo or more offenses described in subparagraphs or local offenses that would have been offenses agraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal enses; or the but involves: destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and ral offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise the defendant has been convicted was all for a Federal, State, or local offense; and the date of conviction, or the release of the

☐ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
☐ (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
☐ (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
☐ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong
☐ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
☐ Prior criminal history
Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
☐ History of violence or use of weapons
☐ History of alcohol or substance abuse
Lack of stable employment
Lack of stable residence
Lack of financially responsible sureties

Lack of significant community or family ties to this district
Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of legal status in the United States
☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
☐ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
☐ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
☐ Use of alias(es) or false documents
☐ Background information unknown or unverified
☐ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

Defendant is presently homeless but has a likely surely and place to stuy in wtah. The government also proterved additional information, but any evidence in support is in the charging in Support, sin the charging as het thus, the court orders Defendant detained pending on unit al appearance and full

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:

United States Magistrate Judge